

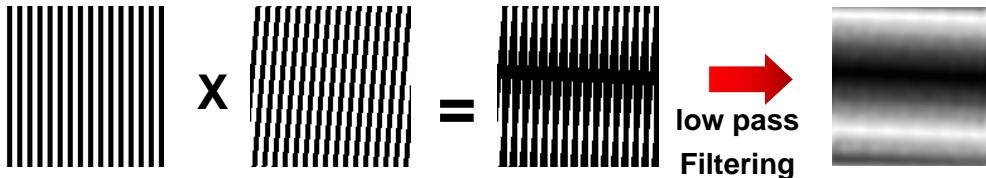
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# **Measurement of Refractive Index by Phase-Shifting Moiré Deflectometry**

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# Phase-Shifting Moiré technique

## Generation of Moiré fringe



## Phase Shifting Interferometer

Let light intensity have a cosinusoidal distribution and intensity distributions have initial phase difference of  $\pi / 2$  :

$$I_0(x, y) = B(x, y) + A(x, y) \cos(\phi(x, y) + \phi_0)$$

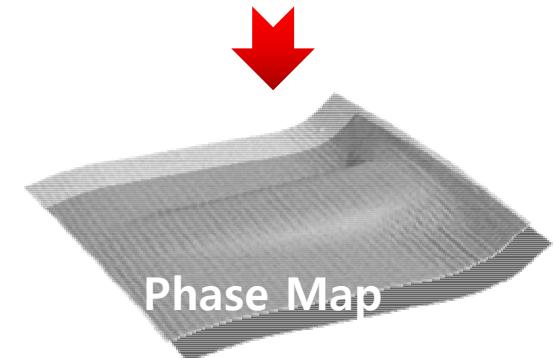
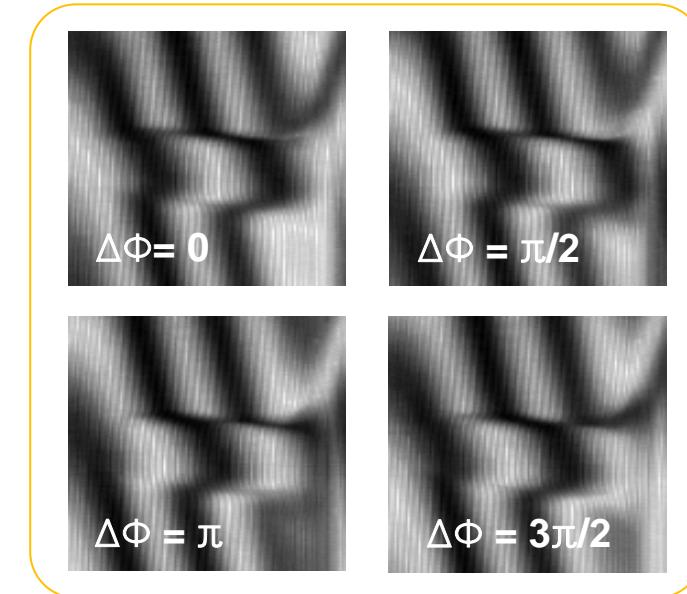
$$I_1(x, y) = B(x, y) + A(x, y) \cos(\phi(x, y) + \phi_0 + \pi / 2)$$

$$I_2(x, y) = B(x, y) + A(x, y) \cos(\phi(x, y) + \phi_0 + \pi)$$

$$I_3(x, y) = B(x, y) + A(x, y) \cos(\phi(x, y) + \phi_0 + 3\pi / 2)$$

We can get  $\phi(x, y) + \phi_0$  from these four distributions ( $I_0, I_1, I_2, I_3$ ) using the properties of trigonometric function :

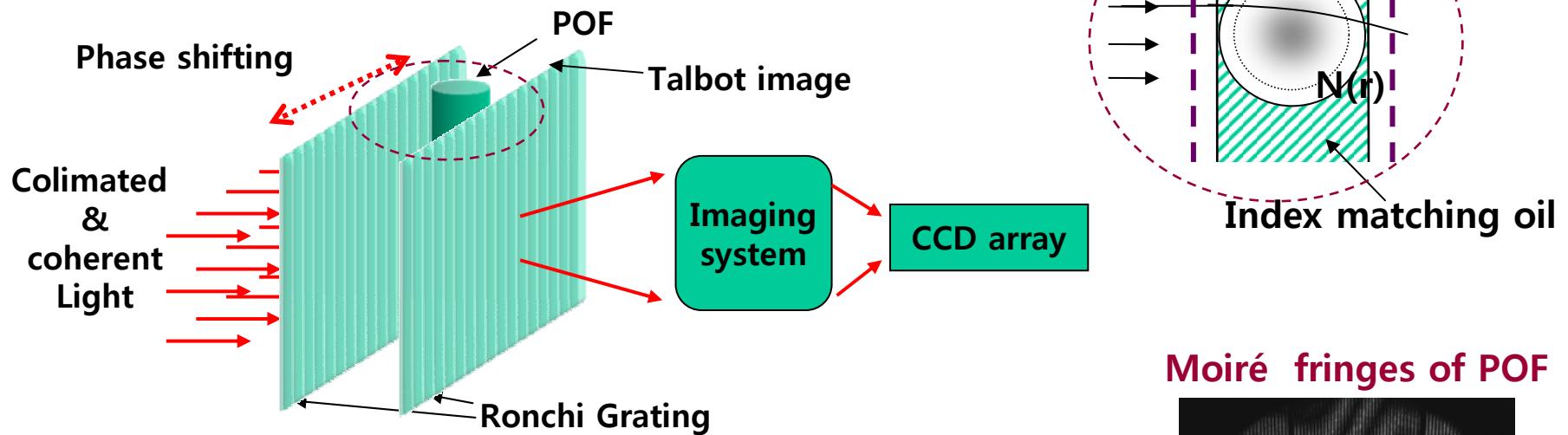
$$\phi(x, y) + \phi_0 = \tan^{-1}\{ (I_1 - I_3) / (I_0 - I_2) \}$$



Phase Map

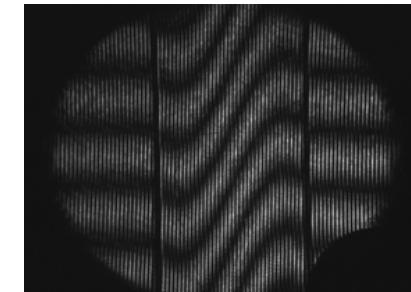
# Moiré technique in Refractive index Measurement

## Measurement Set-up



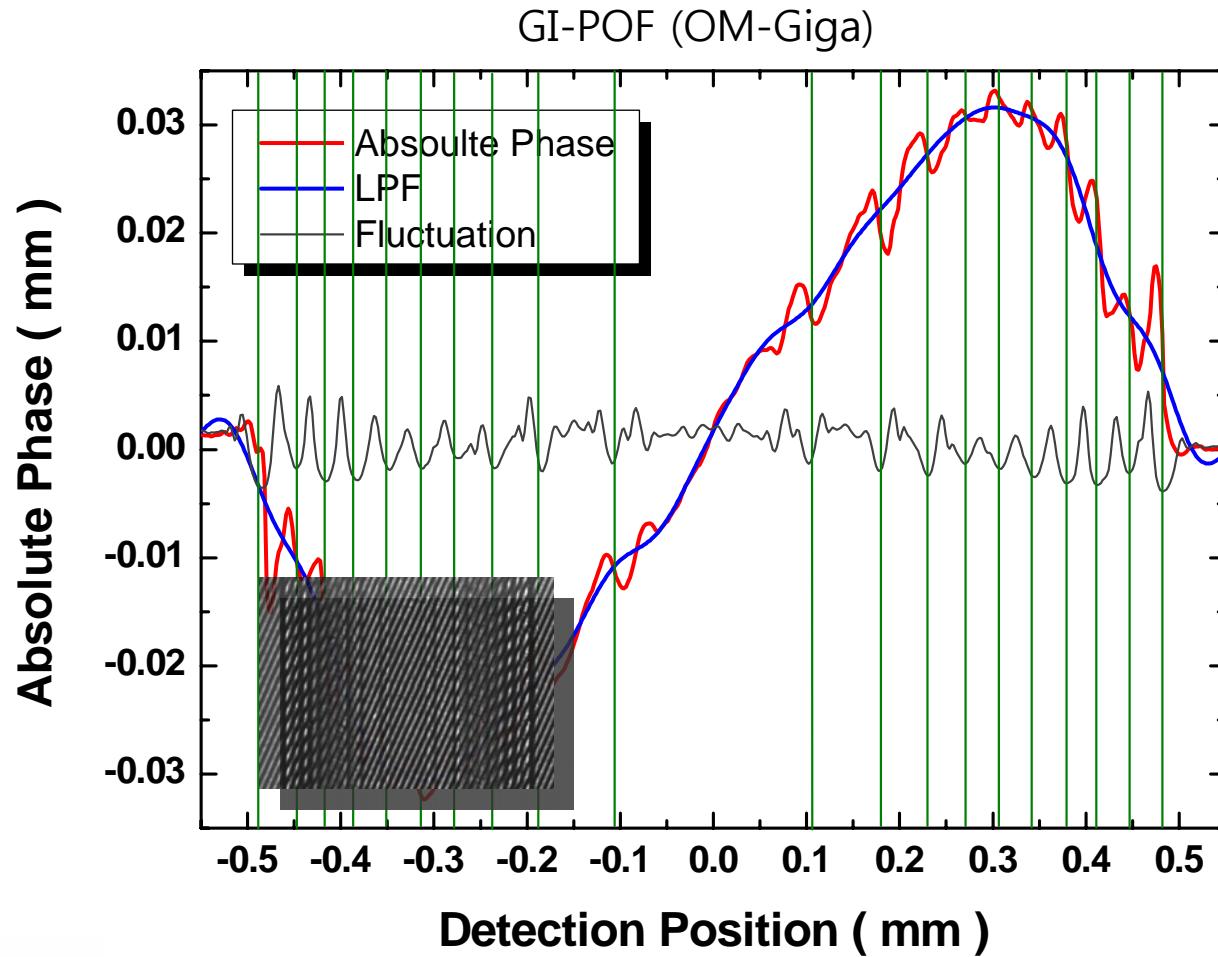
Phase Information  $\leftrightarrow$  Refractive index Profile

Moiré fringes of POF



# Measurement of Refractive index

## ➤ Measured Images and Phase



# Measurement of Refractive index

## ➤ Profiles of Refractive index

